

In the interval  $0 < (\frac{L}{s}) < \infty$ ,  $F_3(\frac{t}{s}, \frac{L}{s})$  differs from  $T_1(\frac{t}{s})$  for an infinite plane sample.

$F_3(\frac{t}{s}, \frac{L}{s})$  is tabulated below and shown at page 26. The deviation from  $T_1(t/s)$  is greatest, when  $L \approx s$ .

$F_3(\frac{t}{s}, \frac{L}{s})$ / $L/s$									
$t/s$	0	0,1	0,2	0,5	1	2	5	10	$\infty$
$\infty$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
10	0,9991	0,998	0,998	0,998	0,997	0,998	0,999	0,999	0,9991
5	0,9930	0,99	0,99	0,99	0,99	0,987	0,989	0,992	0,9930
3,3333	0,9778								0,9778
2,5	0,9514								0,9514
2	0,9142	0,91	0,91	0,89	0,880	0,883	0,904	0,911	0,9142
1,6666	0,8687								0,8687
1,4286	0,8180								0,8180
1,25	0,7656								0,7656
1,1111	0,7139								0,7139
1	0,6647	0,662	0,654	0,620	0,600	0,623	0,654	0,662	0,6647